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REFERENCE LIST OF CSS TAGS

Property	Description
<u>azimuth</u>	Describes the position of a sound source along the horizontal axis of the listener's environment.
<u>background</u>	Composite property for the following properties: background-attachment background-color background-image background-position background-repeat
<u>background-</u> attachment	Determines if the background image is fixed in the window or scrolls as the document scrolls.
background-color	Sets the background color of an element.
background-image	Sets the background image of an element.
background-position	Sets the initial position of the element's background image, if specified; values normally are paired to provide x, y positions; default position is 0% 0%.

background-repeat	Determines how the background image is repeated (tiled) across an element.
<u>border</u>	Sets all four of an element's borders; value is one or more of a color, a value for <i>border-width</i> , and a value for <i>border-style</i> .
border-bottom	Sets an element's bottom border; value is one or more of a color, a value for <i>border-bottom-width</i> , and a value for <i>border-style</i> .
border-bottom-width	Sets the thickness of an element's bottom border.
border-collapse	Sets the table border rendering algorithm.
border-color	Sets the color of all four of an element's borders; default is the color of the element.
border-left-color	Sets the color of an element's left borders; default is the color of the element.
<u>border-right-color</u>	Sets the color of an element's right borders; default is the color of the element.
<u>border-top-color</u>	Sets the color of an element's top borders; default is the color of the element.
<u>border-bottom-color</u>	Sets the color of an element's bottom borders; default is the color of the element.
<u>border-left</u>	Sets an element's left border; value is one or more of a color, a value for <i>border-left-width</i> , and a value for <i>border-style</i> .
border-left-width	Sets the thickness of an element's left border.
<u>border-right</u>	Sets an element's right border; value is one or more of a color, a value for <i>border-right-width</i> , and a value for <i>border-style</i> .
border-right-width	Sets the thickness of an element's right border.

border-spacing	With separate borders set the spacing between borders. One value sets vertical and horizontal spacing and two values sets horizontal and vertical spacing respectively.
border-style	Sets the style of all four of an element's borders.
<u>border-top</u>	Sets an element's top border; value is one or more of a color, a value for <i>border-top-width</i> , and a value for <i>border-style</i> .
<u>border-top-width</u>	Sets the thickness of an element's top border.
border-width	Sets the thickness of all four of an element's borders.
<u>bottom</u>	Used with the <i>position</i> property to place the bottom edge of an element.
caption-side	Sets the position for a table caption.
<u>clear</u>	Sets which margins of an element must not be adjacent to a floating element; the element is moved down until that margin is clear.
<u>clip</u>	Sets the clipping mask for an element.
<u>color</u>	Sets the color of an element.
<u>content</u>	Inserts generated content around an element.
<u>counter-increment</u>	Increments a counter by 1; value is a list of counter names, with each name optionally followed by a value by which it is incremented.
<u>counter-reset</u>	Resets a counter to zero; value is a list of counter names, with each name optionally followed by a value to which it is reset.

<u>cue-after</u>	Plays the designated sound after an element is spoken.
<u>cue-before</u>	Plays the designated sound before an element is spoken.
<u>cursor</u>	Defines shape of the cursor.
<u>direction</u>	Defines direction of the flow of an element content.
<u>display</u>	Controls how an element is displayed.
<u>elevation</u>	Sets the height at which a sound is played.
empty-cells	With separate borders, hides empty cells in a table.
<u>float</u>	Determines if an element floats to the left or right, allowing text to wrap around it or be displayed inline.
<u>font</u>	Sets all the font attributes for an element. Value is any of the values for: font-style font-variant font-weight font-size line-height font-family
<u>font-family</u>	Defines the font for an element, either as a specific font or as one of the generic serif, sans-serif, cursive, fantasy, and monospace.
<u>font-size</u>	Defines the font size.

<u>font-size-adjust</u>	Adjusts the current font's aspect ratio.
font-stretch	Determines the amount to stretch the current font.
<u>font-style</u>	Defines the style of the face, either normal or some type of slanted style.
<u>font-variant</u>	Defines a font to be in small caps.
<u>font-weight</u>	Defines the font weight. If a number is used, it must be a multiple of 100 between 100 and 900; 400 is normal, 700 is the same as the keyword bold.
<u>height</u>	Defines the height of an element.
<u>left</u>	Used with the <i>position</i> property to place the left edge of an element.
letter-spacing	Inserts additional space between text characters.
line-height	Sets the distance between adjacent text baselines.
<u>list-style</u>	 Defines list-related styles using any of the values for: list-style-image list-style-position list-style-type
<u>list-style-image</u>	Defines an image to be used as a list item's marker, in lieu of the value for: • list-style-type
list-style-position	Indents or extends (default) a list item's marker with respect to the item's content.

<u>list-style-type</u>	Defines a list item's marker either for unordered lists (circle, disc, or square) or for ordered lists (decimal, lower alpha, lower-roman, none, upper-alpha, or upper-roman).
<u>margin</u>	Defines all four of an element's margins.
margin-bottom	Defines the bottom margin of an element. Default value is 0.
<u>margin-left</u>	Defines the left margin of an element. Default value is 0.
<u>margin-right</u>	Defines the right margin of an element. Default value is 0.
<u>margin-top</u>	Defines the top margin of an element. Default value is 0.
<u>marker-offset</u>	The marker-offset property can be used in bulleted lists for specifying the distance between the nearest border edges of a marker box (or bullet) and it's associated principal box.
<u>marks</u>	The marks property is used to set crop marks and cross marks on paged media. This is used with the @page rule.
<u>max-height</u>	max-height property is used to constrain the height of an element.
<u>max-width</u>	max-width property is used to set the maximum width of an element.
<u>min-height</u>	min-height property is used to constrain the height of an element.
<u>min-width</u>	min-width property is used to constrain the width of an element.
<u>orphans</u>	Sets the minimum number of lines allowed in an orphaned paragraph fragment.

outline	The outline property is a shorthand property to specify all outline properties.
outline-color	The outline-color property is used to specify the color of the outline. Note that, unlike the border property, outline does not take up extra space and it can be non-rectangular.
outline-color-style	The outline-style property is used to specify the style of the outline. Note that, unlike the border property, outline does not take up extra space and it can be non-rectangular.
outline-width	The outline-color property is used to specify the color of the outline. Note that, unlike the border property, outline does not take up extra space and it can be non-rectangular.
<u>overflow</u>	Determines how overflow content is rendered.
padding	Defines all four padding amounts around an element.
padding-bottom	Defines the bottom padding of an element. Default value is 0.
padding-left	Defines the left padding of an element. Default value is 0.
padding-right	Defines the right padding of an element. Default value is 0.
padding-top	Defines the top padding of an element. Default value is 0.
page	Associates a named page layout with an element.
<u>page-break-after</u>	Forces or suppresses page breaks after an element.
page-break-before	Forces or suppresses page breaks before an element.

page-break-inside	Suppresses page breaks within an element.
pause	The pause property is CSS shorthand for specifying shorthand property for specifying pauses in aural media.
pause-after	Pauses a media after speaking an element.
pause-before	Pauses a media before speaking an element.
pitch	Sets the average pitch of an element's spoken content.
pitch-range	Sets the range of the pitch, from 0 (flat) to 100 (broad); default is 50.
<u>play-during</u>	If a URL is provided, it is played during an element's spoken content, specifying <i>repeat</i> loops the audio; <i>mix</i> causes it to mix with, rather than replace, other background audio.
position	Sets the positioning model for an element.
<u>quotes</u>	Sets the quote symbols used to quote text.
<u>richness</u>	Sets the richness of the voice, from 0 (flat) to 100 (mellifluous); default is 50.
<u>right</u>	Used with the <i>position</i> property to place the right edge of an element.
<u>size</u>	The size property is used in paged media to specify the size of the page.
<u>speak</u>	Determines how an element's content is spoken.
speak-header	Determines if table headers are spoken once for each row or column or each time a cell is spoken.

<u>speak-numeral</u>	Determines how numerals are spoken.
speak-punctuation	Determines if punctuation is spoken or used for inflection.
speech-rate	Sets the rate of speech; a number sets the rate in words per minute.
<u>stress</u>	Sets the stress of the voice, from 0 (catatonic) to 100 (hyperactive); default is 50.
table-layout	Determines the table-rendering algorithm.
<u>text-align</u>	Sets the text alignment style for an element.
text-decoration	Defines any decoration for the text; values may be combined.
<u>text-indent</u>	Defines the indentation of the first line of text in an element; default is 0.
<u>text-shadow</u>	Creates text drop shadows of varying colors and offsets.
text-transform	Transforms the text in the element accordingly.
<u>top</u>	Used with the <i>position</i> property to place the top edge of an element.
vertical-align	Sets the vertical positioning of an element.
<u>visibility</u>	Determines if an element is visible in the document or table.
voice-family	Selects a named voice family to speak an element's content.
<u>volume</u>	Sets the volume of spoken content; numeric values range from 0 to 100.

white-space	Defines how whitespace within an element is handled.
<u>widows</u>	Sets the minimum number of lines allowed in a widowed paragraph fragment.
width	Defines the width of an element.
word-spacing	Inserts additional space between words.
<u>z-index</u>	Sets the rendering layer for the current element.

Pseudo-classes & Pseudo-elements

Property	Description
:active	Use this class to add special effect to an activated element.
<u>:focus</u>	Use this class to add special effect to an element while the element has focus.
<u>:hover</u>	Use this class to add special effect to an element when you mouse over it.
<u>:link</u>	Use this class to add special effect to an unvisited link.
:visited	Use this class to add special effect to a visited link.
:first-child	Use this class to add special effect to an element that is the first child of some other element.
<u>:lang</u>	Use this class to specify a language to use in a specified element.
<u>:first-letter</u>	Use this element to add special effect to the first letter of a text.

<u>:first-line</u>	Use this element to add special effect to the first line of a text.
:before	Use this element to insert some content before an element.
<u>:after</u>	Use this element to insert some content after an element.